# PUBLIC DISCLOSURE

August 1, 2022

# COMMUNITY REINVESTMENT ACT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Citizens State Bank Certificate Number: 2467

304 North Main Street Cadott, WI 54727

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
Division of Depositor and Consumer Protection
Chicago Regional Office

300 South Riverside Plaza, Suite 1700 Chicago, Illinois 60606

This document is an evaluation of this institution's record of meeting the credit needs of its entire community, including low- and moderate-income neighborhoods, consistent with safe and sound operation of the institution. This evaluation is not, nor should it be construed as, an assessment of the financial condition of this institution. The rating assigned to this institution does not represent an analysis, conclusion, or opinion of the federal financial supervisory agency concerning the safety and soundness of this financial institution.

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### INSTITUTION RATING

# INSTITUTION'S CRA RATING: This institution is rated Satisfactory.

An institution in this group has a satisfactory record of helping to meet the credit needs of its assessment area, including low- and moderate-income neighborhoods, in a manner consistent with its resources and capabilities.

The following points summarize the bank's Satisfactory Community Reinvestment Act (CRA) performance:

- Loan-to-Deposit (LTD) Ratio: The average LTD ratio reflects reasonable performance given the institution's size, financial condition, and credit needs of the assessment areas (AAs).
- Assessment Area Concentration: The bank originated a majority of home mortgage, small business, and small farm loans within the AAs.
- Geographic Distribution: The geographic distribution of home mortgage, small business, and small farm loans reflects reasonable dispersion throughout the AAs.
- Borrower Profile: Home mortgage, small business, and small farm loans reflect reasonable distribution among individuals of different income levels, as well as businesses and farms of different sizes.
- CRA-Related Complaints: The bank has not received any CRA-related complaints since the previous evaluation. Therefore, this factor did not affect the rating.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF INSTITUTION**

Citizens State Bank (CSB) is a full-service financial institution headquartered in Cadott, Wisconsin. In addition to its main office, CSB conducts business from five branch offices located in the communities of Cadott, Cornell, Chippewa Falls (Lake Wissota and Eagle Point), and Stanley. CSB opened the Cornell and Stanley branch offices since the previous performance evaluation. The Cornell branch office, located in a middle-income census tract (CT), opened in September 2019. The Stanley branch office, located in a moderate-income CT, opened in October 2021. CSB is wholly-owned by Citizens Bancorp, Inc., a one-bank holding company also located in Cadott, Wisconsin. CSB received a Satisfactory rating during its previous Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) Performance Evaluation, dated June 20, 2016, based on the Interagency Small Institution Examination Procedures.

CSB offers a variety of loan and deposit products, with a continued focus on commercial, residential, and farm lending activities. Customers can access CSB's products and services through online, telephone, and mobile banking services, as well as non-depository ATMs located at each branch location except the Chippewa Falls Eagle Point branch and main office in Cadott.

As of June 30, 2022, CSB maintained total assets of \$169 million, total loans of \$111 million, and total deposits of \$151 million.

Loan Category	\$ (000s)	%	
Construction, Land Development, and Other Land Loans	4,013	3.6	
Secured by 1-4 Family Residential Properties	27,596	24.8	
Secured by Farmland	16,787	15.1	
Secured by Multifamily (5 or more) Residential Properties	6,428	5.8	
Secured by Nonfarm Nonresidential Properties	35,577	32.0	
Total Real Estate Loans	90,401	81.3	
Commercial and Industrial Loans	9,182	8.3	
Agricultural Production and Other Loans to Farmers	5,566	5,0	
Consumer Loans	4,292	3.9	
Other Loans	1,761	1.5	
Less: Unearned Income	0	0.0	
Total Loans	111,202	100.0	

Examiners did not identify any legal or financial impediments that would limit the bank's ability to meet the credit needs of the AA.

### DESCRIPTION OF ASSESSMENT AREA

The CRA requires each financial institution to define one or more AAs within which examiners will evaluate its CRA performance. CSB has designated one AA consisting of all eleven CTs in Chippewa County, Wisconsin. Since the previous evaluation, management added one CT in Chippewa County (111). The AA includes contiguous, whole geographies, does not arbitrarily exclude any low- or moderate-income areas, and conforms to CRA regulatory requirements.

# **Economic and Demographic Data**

The table below summarizes demographic characteristics of the AA.

	Demogr	aphic Infort	nation of the .	AA		
Demographic Characteristics	#	Low % of #	Moderate % of #	Middle % of #	Upper % of #	NA* % of #
Geographies (Census Tracts)	11	0.0	18.2	72.7	9.1	0.0
Population by Geography	63,209	0.0	15.8	72.4	11.8	0.0
Housing Units by Geography	27,530	0.0	17.6	70.6	11.9	0.0
Owner-Occupied Units by Geography	18,024	0.0	13.2	74.0	12.8	0.0
Occupied Rental Units by Geography	6,849	0.0	27.8	59.8	12.3	0.0
Vacant Units by Geography	2,657	0.0	20.9	75.2	3.9	0.0
Businesses by Geography	3,917	0.0	17.0	73.2	9.7	0.0
Farms by Geography	444	0.0	13.5	80.2	6.3	0.0
Family Distribution by Income Level	16,726	19.2	19.8	24.6	36.4	0.0
Household Distribution by Income Level	24,873	21.8	16.3	19.7	42.2	0.0
Median Family Income MSA - 207 Claire, WI MSA	\$66,688	Median Housing Value			\$146,464	
			Median Gros	s Rent		\$703
			Families Bel	ow Poverty	Level	7.0%

The table below provides 2020 and 2021 median family income and corresponding income levels used to analyze home mortgage lending activities under the Borrower Profile criterion.

Eau Claire MSA Median Family Income Ranges							
Median Family Income	Low <50%	Moderate 50% to <80%	Middle 80% to <120%	Upper ≥120%			
2020 (\$76,700)	<\$38,350	\$38,350 to <\$61,360	\$61,360 to <\$92,040	≥\$92,040			
2021 (\$80,000)	<\$40,000	\$40,000 to <\$64,000	\$64,000 to <\$96,000	≥\$96,000			

The table below reflects the median home sale price in Chippewa County compared to the state of Wisconsin during the evaluation period.

	Median Home Sale			
Year	Chippewa County (\$)	State of Wisconsin (S		
2016	154,000	164,000		
2017	161,750	172,900		
2018	171,000	184,500		
2019	190,000	198,000		
2020	209,450	220,000		
2021	239,900	240,000		
Source: Wisconsin	Realtor's Association			

The table below provides the annual unemployment rates for Chippewa County compared to the State of Wisconsin during the evaluation period.

	Annual Unemploymen	t Rates		
Year	Chippewa County (%)	State of Wisconsin (%)		
2016	4.1	3.9		
2017	3.5	3.3		
2018	3.3	3.0		
2019	3.6	3.2		
2020	6.3	6.3		
2021	3.9	3.8		
Source: U.S. Bure	au of Labor Statistics			

Chippewa County experienced several years of improved economic conditions; however, as the impacts of COVID-19 pandemic matured and community safety protocols were implemented, Chippewa County and statewide monthly unemployment rates moved up by almost 10 percentage points in April of 2020. According to data from the Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development, Chippewa County's unemployment rate at 13.3 percent, was slightly better than the statewide unemployment rate (14.1 percent) for April 2020 which corresponds with the start safety protocols to limit the spread of COVID-19 in communities across Wisconsin. Since April 2020, Chippewa County and statewide unemployment rates decreased between one to two percentage points monthly until stabilizing to pre-pandemic levels by January of 2021.

According to 2021 D&B data, 3,917 businesses operate within the AA, of which 81.4 percent reported gross annual revenue (GAR) of \$1 million or less. In addition, 444 farms operate within the AA, of which, 97.5 percent reported GAR of \$1 million or less. Approximately 87 percent of the businesses and farms that operate within the AA employ less than ten employees. According to the Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development, 64.7 percent of employment opportunities in the AA come from several major industries, including Education and Health Services; Manufacturing; and Trade, Transportation, and Utilities. Major employers in the AA include HSHS St Joseph's Hospital, TTM Technologies Inc., Chippewa Falls School District, and Cadott School District.

#### Competition

CSB operates in a competitive bank environment. According to the June 30, 2021 Deposit Market Share Report compiled by the FDIC, 11 financial institution's maintain 21 offices in Chippewa County. One large local bank and one large national bank maintain approximately 53.1 percent of the deposit share. CSB ranks third with a deposit market share of approximately 10.4 percent. According to 2020 HMDA aggregate data, there were 5,414 HMDA loans originated in Chippewa County by 213 financial institutions. CSB ranked second among these lenders with 6.5 percent of HMDA volume. The top lender, a credit union, had more than four times the market share of CSB at 25.8 percent by number of originations.

# Community Contact(s)

According to a representative of an economic development organization in Chippewa County, the economy remains in good standing at this time. While the economy recovered well from the COVID-19 pandemic, uncertainties remain for what the future holds given the rise of inflation and interest rates in 2022. The representative indicated many businesses still have not reached prepandemic employment levels and have had difficulty obtaining workers, resulting in a reduction of operation hours and supply chain disruptions. Despite these challenges, businesses continue to grow in the area. According to the representative, the cost of housing fell slightly from its highs in 2022. However, housing costs remain relatively high as interest rates for mortgage loans also increased. The representative believes the primary credit need of the community is quality affordable housing.

According to the representative, there is healthy competition among financial institutions of all sizes in the area, including national, regional, and local financial institutions. As a result, families and businesses benefit from the ability to shop for the credit products and services specific to their wants and needs.

#### **Credit Needs**

According to economic and demographic data, as well as community contact information, the primary credit need of the community appears to be affordable housing.

# SCOPE OF EVALUATION

### **General Information**

This evaluation covers the period from the prior evaluation, dated June 20, 2016, to the current evaluation. Examiners used the Interagency Small Institution Procedures to assess CSB's CRA performance. This includes evaluating the institution's CRA performance based on LTD ratio, AA concentration, geographic distribution, borrower profile, and response to CRA-related complaints.

# **Activities Reviewed**

Home mortgage, commercial, and farm loans continue to represent the bank's major product lines. Examiners made this determination in consideration of CSB's business strategy, as well as the number and dollar volume of loans originated during the evaluation period. As of June 30, 2022, home mortgage loans represented approximately 24.8 percent of the loan portfolio, commercial loans represented approximately 40.3 percent of the loan portfolio, and farm loans represented approximately 20.1 percent of the loan portfolio.

More specifically, examiners reviewed residential real estate loans recorded on the 2020 and 2021 Loan Application Registers reported under the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (HMDA). The bank originated a significantly large volume of HMDA loans (425) in 2020 when compared to 2021 (229). The bank's HMDA volume is consistent with the overall peaking trend in home sales as reported by the Wisconsin Realtors Association in 2020. In Chippewa County, there were 891 homes sold in 2019, 1,014 homes sold in 2020, and 861 homes sold in 2021. The bank is a leader in home mortgage lending in Chippewa County, offering competitive rates and terms. Samples of small business and small farm loans originated in 2021 were also reviewed. The bank also participated in the Small Business Administration Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) in 2020, which contributed to the small business and farm loan increase in loan originations. Of the loans sampled in these credit segments, a large majority were PPP loans. With the exception of the noted trends, this lending activity is representative of the bank's lending performance throughout the evaluation period.

	Loan Produc	cts Reviewed			
	Uı	iverse	Reviewed		
Loan Category	#	\$ (000s)	#	\$ (000s)	
Home Mortgage 2020	425	72,416	425	72,416	
Home Mortgage 2021	229	41,945	229	41,945	
Small Business 2021	157	16,352	51	5,601	
Small Farm 2021	76	5,977	42	4,786	

Examiners placed more weight on home mortgage lending than small business and small farm lending. Furthermore, examiners placed more weight on small business lending than small farm lending. Examiners made this decision based on the number and dollar volume of loans extended in each category during the evaluation period, as well as business strategy.

Aggregate 2020 HMDA data and 2015 American Community Survey (ACS) census data provided a standard of comparison for the bank's home mortgage lending activity. The aggregate 2021 HMDA data is not yet available and therefore, was not used as a comparator. D&B data from 2021 provided a standard of comparison for the bank's small business and small farm lending activity.

# CONCLUSIONS ON PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

#### LENDING TEST

CSB demonstrated reasonable performance under the Lending Test. The bank's performance under the LTD Ratio, AA Concentration, Geographic Distribution, and Borrower Profile criterion support this conclusion.

### Loan-to-Deposit Ratio

CSB's LTD ratio reflects reasonable performance given the institution's size and financial condition, as well as the credit needs within the AA. CSB's LTD ratio averaged 81.2 percent over the previous 24 quarters, with a high of 94.1 percent and a low of 65.5 percent. The ratio is comparable to that of similarly-situated financial institutions whose average LTD ratios ranged from 71.1 percent to 84.7 percent over the same period. Examiners selected these comparable financial institutions based on loan portfolio composition, asset size, and geographical location.

Loan-to-D	eposit Ratio Comparison	
Bank	Total Assets as of 3/31/2022 (\$ 000s)	Average Net LTD Ratio (%)
Citizens State Bank	161,522	81.2
Security State Bank	131,597	84.7
The First Bank of Baldwin	244,562	77.4
Partners Bank of Wisconsin	259,389	79.8
Sterling Bank	327,789	71.1
Waumandee State Bank	331,553	84.5
Source: Reports of Condition and Income 6/30	0/2016 - 3/31/2022	

# **Assessment Area Concentration**

CSB originated a majority of home mortgage, small business, and small farm loans within its AA.

	N	Number of Loans			Dollar Amount of Loans \$(000s)		s)			
Loan Category	Inside		Outside		Total #	Inside		Outsid	le	Total
	#	%	#	# %	"	\$	%	\$	%	\$(000s)
Home Mortgage										
2020	324	76.2	101	23.8	425	53,293	73.6	19,123	26.4	72,416
2021	159	69.4	70	30.6	229	27,833	66.4	14,112	33.6	41,945
Subtotal	483	73.9	171	26.1	654	81,126	70.9	33,235	29.1	114,361
Small Business	38	74.5	13	25.5	51	4,653	83.1	948	16.9	5,601
Small Farm	31	73.8	11	26.2	42	3,081	64.4	1,705	35.6	4,786

# Geographic Distribution

The geographic distribution of home mortgage, small business, and small farm loans reflects reasonable dispersion throughout the AA.

# Home Mortgage Loans

The geographic distribution of home mortgage loans reflects reasonable dispersion throughout the AA. The bank's performance in moderate-income CTs was consistent with the comparative factors in 2020 and 2021. The following table presents the bank's performance, as well as the percentage of owner-occupied housing units in the AA and aggregate data as a comparison.

Tract Income Level	% of Owner- Occupied Housing Units	Aggregate Performance % of #	#	%	\$ (000s)	%
Moderate	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
2020	13.2	12.6	40	12.3	6,448	12.1
2021	13.2		20	12.6	2,995	10.8
Middle						
2020	74.0	72.2	229	70.7	36,122	67.8
2021	74.0		120	75.5	20,965	75.3
Upper						
2020	12.8	15.2	55	17.0	10,723	20.1
2021	12.8		19	11.9	3,873	13.9
Totals						
2020	100.0	100.0	324	100.0	53,293	100.0
2021	100.0	Stat Olda	159	100.0	27,833	100.0

### Small Business Loans

The geographic distribution of small business loans reflects reasonable dispersion throughout the AA. As shown in the following table, the bank's small business originations was below the percentage of businesses in the moderate-income tract by slightly less than four percentage points.

Ge	ographic Distri	bution of S	Small Busine	ess Loans	
Tract Income Level	% of Businesses	#	%	\$ (000s)	%
Moderate	17.0	5	13.2	749	16.1
Middle	73.2	29	76.3	2,919	62.7
Upper	9.8	4	10.5	985	21.2
Total	100.0	38	100.0	4,653	100.0

The distribution of small business loans in moderate-income CTs is comparable to demographic data and shows reasonable performance.

#### Small Farm

The geographic distribution of small farm loans reflects excellent dispersion throughout the AA. The bank's small farm lending performance exceeded the benchmark in the moderate-income CTs by more than nine percentage points, reflecting strong performance.

Geographic Distribution of Small Farm Loans							
Tract Income Level	% of Farms	#	%	\$ (000s)	%		
Moderate	13.5	7	22.6	1,073	34.8		
Middle	80.2	23	74.2	1,848	60.0		
Upper	6.3	1	3.2	160	5.2		
Total	100.0	31	100.0	3,081	100.0		
Sources: 2021 D&B Data;	Bank Data						

### **Borrower Profile**

The distribution of home mortgage, small business, and small farm loans reflects reasonable penetration among individuals of different income levels, as well as businesses and farms of different sizes.

#### Home Mortgage

The distribution of home mortgage loans reflects reasonable penetration among individuals of different income levels.

CSB's distribution of home mortgage loans extended to low-income borrowers is slightly below expectations. Specifically, the 2020 segment performance was below aggregate data by 3 percentage points. In contrast, the bank's low-income segment performance in 2021 lagged the unadjusted segment demographic by 11 percentage points in 2021. However, after making the necessary adjustments for impoverished families in the low-income borrower segment benchmark, the bank's 2021 performance only trails by four percentage points, reflecting reasonable segment performance. The benchmark adjustment, which reduces it by seven percentage points, is necessary to reflect the practicalities of impoverished families. Families living below the poverty line generally lack the financial resources and stability to obtain a conventional mortgage loan absent substantial subsidies and normally would not qualify for a traditional mortgage loan.

The bank's moderate-income segment performance is consistent or slightly above expectations. CSB's distribution of home mortgage loans to moderate-income segment borrowers in 2020 exceeds the aggregate by a 10<sup>th</sup> of a percentage point. Segment performance in 2021 exceeds the demographic benchmark by a full percentage point.

The following table presents the bank's performance, as well as the percentage of owner-occupied housing units in the AA and aggregate data as comparisons.

		Aggregate				
Borrower Income Level	% of Families	Performance % of #	#	0/0	\$ (000s)	%
Low						
2020	19.2	8.4	17	5.2	1,403	2.6
2021	19.2	4-	13	8.2	912	3.3
Moderate						
2020	19.8	20.9	68	21.0	8,771	16.5
2021	19.8		33	20.8	4,618	16.6
Middle						
2020	24.6	25.6	93	28.7	14,867	27.9
2021	24.6		48	30.2	8,596	30.9
Upper						
2020	36.4	34.2	136	42.0	26,565	49.8
2021	36.4		57	35.8	12,455	44.7
Not Available						
2020	0.0	11.0	10	3.1	1,687	3.2
2021	0.0	See No.	8	5.0	1,252	4.5
Totals						
2020	100.0	100.0	324	100.0	53,293	100.0
2021	100.0	100.0	159	100.0	27,833	100.0

# Small Business Loans

The distribution of small business loans reflects reasonable penetration among businesses with GARs of \$1 million or less and is in line with benchmark expectations. The following table presents the bank's performance, as well as the D&B reported percentage of businesses in each revenue category.

				enue Categor	
Gross Annual Revenue Level	% of Businesses	#	%	\$ (000s)	%
≤ \$1,000,000	81.4	31	81.6	3,858	82.9
> \$1,000,000	6.4	7	18.4	795	17.1
Revenue Not Available	12.2	and the		20	
Total	100.0	38	100.0	4,653	100.0

CSB's distribution of small business loans to businesses with GAR of \$1 million or less is reflective of demographic data and is reasonable.

Included in the sample above are 11 loans totaling \$340,009 originated under the Small Business Administration's Paycheck Protection Program. This assistance program was designed to help businesses keep their workforce employed during the COVID-19 pandemic, are forgivable under

specific Small Business Administration guidelines. The bank's participation in this program, as well as general small business lending activity, demonstrates CSB's willingness to assist small businesses in obtaining financing needed to establish and maintain operations, as well as address the aftermath of the pandemic.

#### Small Farm Loans

The distribution of small farm loans reflects reasonable penetration among farms with GARs of \$1 million or less. The following table presents the bank's performance, as well as the percentage of farms in each revenue category to serve as a comparison.

Distribution of	Small Farm Loan	s by Gross	Annual Reve	nue Category	
Gross Annual Revenue Level	% of Farms	# 31 	31 100.0	\$ (000s) 3,081   3,081	% 100.0   100.0
≤\$1,000,000	97.5				
> \$1,000,000	2.3				
Revenue Not Available	0.2				
Total	100.0	31	100.0		

CSB's distribution of small farm loans to farms with GAR of \$1 million or less exceeds D&B data, reflecting performance slightly above expectations.

# Response to Complaints

CSB has not received any CRA-related complaints since the previous evaluation; therefore, this criterion did not affect the rating.

### DISCRIMINATORY OR OTHER ILLEGAL CREDIT PRACTICES REVIEW

Examiners did not identify any evidence of substantive discriminatory or other illegal credit practices inconsistent with helping meet community credit needs; therefore, this consideration did not affect the institution's overall CRA rating.

# **APPENDICES**

# SMALL BANK PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

# **Lending Test**

The Lending Test evaluates the bank's record of helping to meet the credit needs of its assessment area(s) by considering the following criteria:

- 1) The bank's loan-to-deposit ratio, adjusted for seasonal variation, and, as appropriate, other lending-related activities, such as loan originations for sale to the secondary markets, community development loans, or qualified investments;
- 2) The percentage of loans, and as appropriate, other lending-related activities located in the bank's assessment area(s);
- 3) The geographic distribution of the bank's loans;
- 4) The bank's record of lending to and, as appropriate, engaging in other lending-related activities for borrowers of different income levels and businesses and farms of different sizes; and
- 5) The bank's record of taking action, if warranted, in response to written complaints about its performance in helping to meet credit needs in its assessment area(s).

#### GLOSSARY

Aggregate Lending: The number of loans originated and purchased by all reporting lenders in specified income categories as a percentage of the aggregate number of loans originated and purchased by all reporting lenders in the metropolitan area/assessment area.

American Community Survey (ACS): A nationwide United States Census survey that produces demographic, social, housing, and economic estimates in the form of five year estimates based on population thresholds.

**Area Median Income:** The median family income for the MSA, if a person or geography is located in an MSA; or the statewide nonmetropolitan median family income, if a person or geography is located outside an MSA.

Assessment Area: A geographic area delineated by the bank under the requirements of the Community Reinvestment Act.

Census Tract: A small, relatively permanent statistical subdivision of a county or equivalent entity. The primary purpose of census tracts is to provide a stable set of geographic units for the presentation of statistical data. Census tracts generally have a population size between 1,200 and 8,000 people, with an optimum size of 4,000 people. Census tract boundaries generally follow visible and identifiable features, but they may follow nonvisible legal boundaries in some instances. State and county boundaries always are census tract boundaries.

Combined Statistical Area (CSA): A combination of several adjacent metropolitan statistical areas or micropolitan statistical areas or a mix of the two, which are linked by economic ties.

Consumer Loan(s): A loan(s) to one or more individuals for household, family, or other personal expenditures. A consumer loan does not include a home mortgage, small business, or small farm loan. This definition includes the following categories: motor vehicle loans, credit card loans, home equity loans, other secured consumer loans, and other unsecured consumer loans.

Core Based Statistical Area (CBSA): The county or counties or equivalent entities associated with at least one core (urbanized area or urban cluster) of at least 10,000 population, plus adjacent counties having a high degree of social and economic integration with the core as measured through commuting ties with the counties associated with the core. Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Areas are the two categories of CBSAs.

Family: Includes a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. The number of family households always equals the number of families; however, a family household may also include non-relatives living with the family. Families are classified by type as either a married-couple family or other family. Other family is further classified into "male householder" (a family with a male householder and no wife present) or "female householder" (a family with a female householder and no husband present).

FFIEC-Estimated Income Data: The Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FFIEC) issues annual estimates which update median family income from the metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas. The FFIEC uses American Community Survey data and factors in information from other sources to arrive at an annual estimate that more closely reflects current economic conditions.

Full-Scope Review: A full-scope review is accomplished when examiners complete all applicable interagency examination procedures for an assessment area. Performance under applicable tests is analyzed considering performance context, quantitative factors (e.g., geographic distribution, borrower profile, and total number and dollar amount of investments), and qualitative factors (e.g., innovativeness, complexity, and responsiveness).

Geography: A census tract delineated by the United States Bureau of the Census in the most recent decennial census.

Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (HMDA): The statute that requires certain mortgage lenders that do business or have banking offices in a metropolitan statistical area to file annual summary reports of their mortgage lending activity. The reports include such data as the race, gender, and the income of applicants; the amount of loan requested; and the disposition of the application (approved, denied, and withdrawn).

Home Mortgage Loans: Includes closed-end mortgage loans or open-end line of credits as defined in the HMDA regulation that are not an excluded transaction per the HMDA regulation.

Housing Unit: Includes a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied as separate living quarters.

Limited-Scope Review: A limited scope review is accomplished when examiners do not complete all applicable interagency examination procedures for an assessment area. Performance under applicable tests is often analyzed using only quantitative factors (e.g., geographic distribution, borrower profile, total number and dollar amount of investments, and branch distribution).

Low-Income: Individual income that is less than 50 percent of the area median income, or a median family income that is less than 50 percent in the case of a geography.

Market Share: The number of loans originated and purchased by the institution as a percentage of the aggregate number of loans originated and purchased by all reporting lenders in the metropolitan area/assessment area.

Median Income: The median income divides the income distribution into two equal parts, one having incomes above the median and other having incomes below the median.

Metropolitan Division (MD): A county or group of counties within a CBSA that contain(s) an urbanized area with a population of at least 2.5 million. A MD is one or more main/secondary

counties representing an employment center or centers, plus adjacent counties associated with the main/secondary county or counties through commuting ties.

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA): CBSA associated with at least one urbanized area having a population of at least 50,000. The MSA comprises the central county or counties or equivalent entities containing the core, plus adjacent outlying counties having a high degree of social and economic integration with the central county or counties as measured through commuting.

**Middle-Income:** Individual income that is at least 80 percent and less than 120 percent of the area median income, or a median family income that is at least 80 and less than 120 percent in the case of a geography.

**Moderate-Income:** Individual income that is at least 50 percent and less than 80 percent of the area median income, or a median family income that is at least 50 and less than 80 percent in the case of a geography.

Multi-family: Refers to a residential structure that contains five or more units.

Nonmetropolitan Area (also known as non-MSA): All areas outside of metropolitan areas. The definition of nonmetropolitan area is not consistent with the definition of rural areas. Urban and rural classifications cut across the other hierarchies. For example, there is generally urban and rural territory within metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

Owner-Occupied Units: Includes units occupied by the owner or co-owner, even if the unit has not been fully paid for or is mortgaged.

Rated Area: A rated area is a state or multistate metropolitan area. For an institution with domestic branches in only one state, the institution's CRA rating would be the state rating. If an institution maintains domestic branches in more than one state, the institution will receive a rating for each state in which those branches are located. If an institution maintains domestic branches in two or more states within a multistate metropolitan area, the institution will receive a rating for the multistate metropolitan area.

Rural Area: Territories, populations, and housing units that are not classified as urban.

**Small Business Loan:** A loan included in "loans to small businesses" as defined in the Consolidated Report of Condition and Income (Call Report). These loans have original amounts of \$1 million or less and are either secured by nonfarm nonresidential properties or are classified as commercial and industrial loans.

**Small Farm Loan:** A loan included in "loans to small farms" as defined in the instructions for preparation of the Consolidated Report of Condition and Income (Call Report). These loans have original amounts of \$500,000 or less and are either secured by farmland, including farm residential and other improvements, or are classified as loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers.

**Upper-Income:** Individual income that is 120 percent or more of the area median income, or a median family income that is 120 percent or more in the case of a geography.

Urban Area: All territories, populations, and housing units in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more persons outside urbanized areas. More specifically, "urban" consists of territory, persons, and housing units in places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the New England states, New York, and Wisconsin).

"Urban" excludes the rural portions of "extended cities"; census designated place of 2,500 or more persons; and other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, including in urbanized areas.